

**P R O S P E C T U S**

**NOVEMBER 1, 2009**

**LEIGH BALDWIN TOTAL RETURN FUND**

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The Securities & Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the securities offered in this Prospectus and has not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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## **RISK/RETURN SUMMARY**

### **Investment Objective**

The Fund's investment objective is to provide total return.

### **Principal Investment Strategies**

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by purchasing equity securities (including common stock, shares of other investment companies and exchange traded funds) and selling of covered calls to generate income to the Fund. The Fund will also utilize put options in conjunction with the covered calls to limit the risk of ownership of the underlying equity securities. The Fund may also invest in fixed income securities and/or hold cash and cash equivalents as a means of reducing the Fund's volatility.

The Fund will invest in the stocks of primarily U.S. domestic companies of any market capitalization selected based on fundamental research performed by the Fund's investment adviser, Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC ("LBC" or the "Advisor"). However, the Fund may also invest in sponsored and unsponsored American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) which represent an indirect investment in foreign companies. In selecting the stocks for the Fund, the Advisor will focus on companies with long track records of positive earnings and dividend growth. Key factors of a company's growth prospects considered by the Advisor include, but are not limited to, strong company management and leadership, positive historic growth of company earnings and revenues, the company's leadership position relative to its industry peers, and the estimated sustainability of the company's current and future business plans. Stock investments will also be evaluated on their ability to generate consistent cash flow, via dividends and option income, without extreme price fluctuations.

When the Fund sells a covered call option, it receives a premium but it also agrees to sell a security at agreed upon price if the option is exercised. The option is "covered" if the Fund owns the security subject to the call, or, for certain types of calls, the call option may be covered by segregating liquid assets on the Fund's books that would enable the Fund to satisfy its obligations if the call is exercised. The covered calls may be written on individual equity securities held by the Fund or on selected securities indices. As more of the Fund's assets are allocated to covered call options, the more limited the ability of the Fund to benefit from capital appreciation of the equity securities tied to the covered calls. However, the Fund may also benefit from the premiums received from the writing of the covered calls in cases when the value of the underlying equity security declines. In addition, the Fund may buy put options on the securities held by the Fund. A put option on a security gives the Fund the right, during the option period, to sell the security to the buyer at the exercise price. The Advisor believes it will be able to accurately determine the worst-case scenario in terms of market loss for a majority of the stock positions held in the Fund.

The Fund may also maintain a position in cash or cash equivalents so that the Adviser has sufficient resources to make investments consistent with the Fund's investment objective as opportunities arise without having to sell other holdings. Finally, the Fund may on occasion

invest a limited percentage (normally less than 20%) of the Fund's assets in high-grade fixed income securities in an attempt to achieve total return and potentially lessen the market risk and volatility associated with the equity holdings in the Fund. High-grade fixed income securities are defined by the Adviser as those fixed income securities rated A or higher by Standard & Poors.

The Fund is a non-diversified fund, which means that the Fund may take a larger position in a small number of companies than a diversified fund.

### **Principal Investment Risks**

*Market Risk:* The Fund's total return on investment, like stock prices generally, goes up and down such that you may lose money over short and even long periods of time.

*Management Risk:* The Advisor of the Fund has limited experience managing a mutual fund. This inexperience may result in poor security selection causing the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment strategies, and you may lose money.

*Foreign Risk:* To the extent the Fund invests in foreign securities including ADRs and exchange traded funds ("ETFs") that invest in foreign companies, the Fund could be subject to greater risks because the Fund's performance may depend on issues other than the performance of a particular company. To the extent the Fund is invested in foreign securities, changes in foreign economies and political climates are more likely to affect the Fund than a mutual fund that invests exclusively in U.S. companies. The value of foreign securities is also affected by the value of the local currency relative to the U.S. dollar. There may also be less government supervision of foreign markets, resulting in non-uniform accounting practices and less publicly available information.

*Fixed Income Risks.* When the Fund invests in fixed income securities the value of Fund will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities owned by the Fund. In general, the market price of fixed income securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Other risk factors include credit risk (the risk that the debtor may default) and prepayment risk (the risk that the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments). These risks could affect the value of a particular investment by the Fund possibly causing the Fund's share price and total return to be reduced and fluctuate more than other types of investments.

*Portfolio Turnover Risk:* To the extent the Fund has high portfolio turnover, it will generally incur additional costs due to greater brokerage commission expenses (and dealer spreads built into the cost of the securities) than those incurred by a Fund with a lower portfolio turnover rate. The higher portfolio turnover rate may result in the realization for federal income tax purposes of additional net capital gains, which also may result in substantial ordinary income to shareholders. These factors may negatively affect the Fund's performance.

*Non-Diversification Risk:* As a non-diversified fund, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single negative economic, political or regulatory occurrence, and may be subject to substantially

more market risk and volatility than a diversified fund. The Fund's share price could fall if the Fund is heavily invested in a particular security and the price of that security falls.

*Put and Call Option Risk:* The Fund will use options as part of its investment strategy. There are risks associated with the sale and purchase of put and call options. The seller (writer) of a call option which is covered (e.g., the writer holds the underlying security) assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying security below the purchase price of the underlying security less the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying security above the exercise price of the option. The buyer of a call option assumes the risk of losing its entire premium invested in the call option. The seller (writer) of a put option which is covered (e.g., the writer has a short position in the underlying security) assumes the risk of an increase in the market price of the underlying security above the sales price (in establishing the short position) of the underlying security plus the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying security below the exercise price of the option. The buyer of a put option assumes the risk of losing his entire premium invested in the put option.

*Investment Company Securities Risk.* When the Fund invests in another investment company (including exchange traded funds and money market funds), it will indirectly bear its proportionate share of any fees and expenses payable directly by the other investment company. Therefore, the Fund will incur higher expenses, many of which may be duplicative. In addition, the Fund may be affected by losses of the underlying funds and the level of risk arising from the investment practices of the underlying funds (such as the use of leverage by the funds). The Fund has no control over the risks taken by the underlying funds in which it invests.

### **Risk/Return Bar Chart and Table**

This section normally would include a bar chart and average annual total return table. This information is not included because the Fund does not have a full calendar year of investment returns. The bar chart and average annual total return table will be included after the Fund has a full calendar year of investment returns.

## FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table describes fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold Fund shares.

### Shareholder Fees

*(fees paid directly from your investment)*

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases <i>(as a percentage of offering price)</i>	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) <sup>(1)</sup> <i>(as a percentage of redemption proceeds)</i>	1.00%
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Other Distributions	None
Redemption Fee <i>(as a percentage of amount redeemed)</i> <sup>(2)</sup>	2.00%

### Annual Fund Operating Expenses

*(expenses that are deducted from Fund assets)*

Management Fees	0.45%
Distribution and Shareholder Servicing (12b-1) Fee	1.00%
Other Expenses	14.69%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.35%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	16.49%
Fee Deferral or Reimbursement <sup>(3)</sup>	14.14%
Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses	2.35%

(1) The contingent deferred sales charge applies to redemptions of shares within one year of purchase.

(2) The Fund charges a 2.00% redemption fee on shares redeemed within 5 days of purchase.

(3) The Advisor has contractually agreed to defer its fees and to reimburse expenses, at least until October 31, 2019, to ensure that Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses (exclusive of any front-end or contingent deferred loads, taxes, leverage interest, brokerage commissions, expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, dividend expense on securities sold short, underlying fund fees, 12b-1 fees and expenses or extraordinary expenses such as litigation) will not exceed 2.00%, subject to possible recoupment from the Fund in future years on a rolling three year basis (within the three years after the fees have been deferred or reimbursed) if such recoupment can be achieved within the foregoing expense limits. Only the Board may terminate the contract.

**Example:** This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (except for deferrals during the first year). Although your actual costs may be lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>	<b>5 years</b>	<b>10 years</b>
\$238	\$733	\$1,255	\$2,686

## **Temporary Defensive Positions**

In certain circumstances, such as to maintain liquidity, to meet unusually large redemptions, when the Advisor believes that market conditions are unfavorable for profitable investing, or when the Advisor is otherwise unable to locate attractive investment opportunities, the Fund may take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies. For example, the Fund may hold all or a portion of its assets cash, money market instruments or money market funds. If the Fund invests in shares of a money market fund or other investment company, the shareholders of that Fund will be subject to duplicative management fees. As a result of engaging in these temporary measures, the Fund may not achieve its investment objective, and the Fund may pay higher brokerage commissions as a result of increased portfolio turnover associated with the reallocation of the Fund's assets.

## **MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND**

Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC, a Delaware limited liability company located at 112 Albany Street, Cazenovia, New York, is the investment adviser of the Fund. The Advisor has been in existence since 1991. However, the Advisor has not previously managed a mutual fund. Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC is also a registered broker-dealer. It is likely that certain of the Fund's purchases and sale of securities will be conducted through the Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC acting as a broker-dealer. The Fund pays Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC brokerage commissions for executing these transactions, which are separate from, and in addition to, the fees paid by the Fund to Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC for advisory services. As the level of stock trading or option writing increases, the level of commissions paid by the Fund to Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC increases. The commissions paid to Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC are regularly reviewed and approved by the Independent Trustees of the Fund in accordance with Rule 17e-1 under the 1940 Act. Since Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC receives compensation based on the number of shares and option contracts traded, there is an incentive to effect as many transactions as possible because as the level of stock trading or options writing increases, the commissions paid by the Fund to Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC also increases. The amount of such commissions may be substantial when compared with such charges for other funds because of the Fund's options and securities trading strategy. In addition to executing brokerage transactions for the Fund internally, Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC, acting as the investment adviser to the Fund, may also direct, in its discretion, a portion of the Fund's brokerage transactions for execution to unaffiliated broker-dealers. Additionally, the Advisor has adopted compliance policies and procedures to insure that investment opportunities are fairly and equitably allocated among all of the Advisor's clients so as not to favor any client or group of clients over any other. The Advisor, may also receive the distribution and shareholder servicing fees described in the section entitled "Distribution and Service Fees" later in this prospectus.

Mr. Leigh Baldwin is the Fund's portfolio manager and has been primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund since its inception. Mr. Baldwin is the founder, majority owner and president of the Advisor and has been so since its inception in 1991. Mr. Baldwin graduated from Colgate University in 1983 with a concentration in economics. He has spent twenty years involved in the financial markets, as the owner of brokerage firms, a financial advisor, and a securities trader.

The Fund's Statement of Additional Information provides information about the portfolio manager's experience, compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership of Fund shares.

The Fund is authorized to pay the Advisor an annual management fee equal to 0.45% of the Fund's average daily net assets. Pursuant to a Expense Limitation Agreement, the Advisor pays all of the operating expenses of the Fund except brokerage, taxes, borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense of securities sold short) acquired fund fees and expenses and extraordinary expenses. In this regard, it should be noted that most mutual funds pay their own operating expenses directly, while the Fund's expenses, except those specified above, are paid by the Advisor.

## **PURCHASING FUND SHARES**

### **Determination of Net Asset Value**

Shares of the Fund are sold at net asset value ("NAV"). The Fund's NAV per share is determined by adding the value of all the Fund's securities, cash, and other assets, including accrued interest and dividends, less all liabilities, including accrued expenses, and then dividing by the total number of shares outstanding. The Fund's NAV changes every day. The NAV is determined each business day following the close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time ("ET")) Monday through Friday, exclusive of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Presidents Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, Christmas Day and New Year's Day. On occasion, the NYSE will close before 4:00 p.m. ET, either due to holidays or emergency closures. When that happens, the Fund's NAV will be calculated as of the time the NYSE closes rather than the normal 4:00 p.m. ET.

Securities held by the Fund for which market quotations are readily available are valued at current market value. If market prices are not available or, in the Advisor's opinion, market prices do not reflect fair value, or if an event occurs after the close of trading (but prior to the time the NAV is calculated) that materially affects fair value, the Advisor will value the Fund's assets at their fair value according to policies approved by, and under the ultimate supervision of, the Fund's Board of Trustees. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted as permitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and does not resume before the Fund calculates its NAV, the Advisor may need to price the security using the Fund's fair value pricing policies. Trading in securities on foreign securities stock exchanges and over-the-counter markets, such as those in Europe and Asia, may be completed well before the close of business on the NYSE on each day that the NYSE is open. Occasionally, events occur between the time at which trading in a foreign security is completed and the close of the NYSE that might call into question the availability (including the reliability) of the value of a foreign security held by the Fund. As a result, the Fund may be susceptible to what is referred to as "time zone arbitrage. Without a fair value price, short term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long term investors. Fair valuation of a Fund's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short term traders, but there is no assurance

that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Fund's NAV by short term traders. The Board of Trustees will review all securities fair valued by the Advisor on an ongoing basis.

### **Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ("CDSC")**

The Fund's shares that are bought and held less than one year from the date of purchase are subject to a CDSC equal to 1.00% of the offering price.

The sales commission payable to investment dealers in connection with sales of shares of the Fund is described under "Distribution and Service Fees" below.

### **CDSC Waivers**

CDSCs are waived for certain redemptions from tax-deferred retirement plans. The CDSC is also waived following the death of a beneficial owner of shares (a death certificate and other applicable documents may be required). The Board may also approve other waivers.

### **Distribution and Service Fees**

The Fund has a plan under Rule 12b-1 that allows the Fund to pay distribution and service fees for the sale and distribution of shares and servicing of shareholders (so-called "12b-1 fees"). The Fund pays distribution fees to Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC, as the distributor of the Fund, of 0.75% of average daily net assets annually. The Fund also pays shareholder servicing fees to Leigh Baldwin & Co, LLC in the amount of 0.25% of average daily net assets annually. Because these fees are paid from Fund assets on an ongoing basis, they will increase your cost over time and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. The 12b-1 fees may be paid to other broker-dealers or financial institutions for providing certain services to shareholders. Distribution and service fees are subject to the limitations contained in the sales charge rule of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

In connection with sales of Fund shares, a dealer may receive sales charges and Fund distribution and service fees as described below. Sales charges, distribution fees and service fees paid to investment dealers may vary. In addition, the principal underwriter, out of its own resources, may make cash payments to certain dealers who provide marketing support, transaction processing and/or administrative services and, in some cases, include the Fund in specialized selling programs. Payments made by the principal underwriter to a dealer may be significant and are typically in the form of fees based on Fund sales, assets, transactions processed and/or accounts attributable to that dealer. Dealers also may receive amounts from the principal underwriter in connection with educational or due diligence meetings that include information concerning the Fund. The principal underwriter may pay or allow other promotional incentives or payments to dealers to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations.

Certain dealers that maintain "street name" or omnibus accounts provide sub-accounting, recordkeeping and/or administrative services to the Fund and are compensated for such services by the Fund. As used in this prospectus, the term "dealer" includes any broker, dealer, bank (including bank trust departments), registered investment advisor, financial planner, retirement

plan administrator, their designated intermediaries and any other firm having a selling, administration or similar agreement with the principal underwriter or its affiliates.

### **Purchasing Fund Shares**

Purchase requests received by the Fund's transfer agent in good order before the close of the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. ET) will receive the NAV calculated that day. Purchase requests received by the Fund's transfer agent after the close of the NYSE will receive the NAV calculated following the close of the NYSE on the next following business day. The Fund reserves the right at its sole discretion to reject purchase orders when, in the judgment of management, such rejection is in the best interest of the Fund. If a purchase order is rejected, you will be notified the next business day following receipt of the purchase order.

### **Opening An Account**

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. When you open an account, we will ask for your name, address, date of birth, and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask for other identifying documents or information. We may not be able to open your account or complete a transaction for you until we are able to verify your identity.

**Initial Investments:** When making your initial purchase request, make sure your request is in good order. "Good order" means that your purchase request includes the name of the purchaser, the dollar amount of shares to be purchased, a completed account application, and a check payable to the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund.

Mail the application and check to:

U.S. Mail:  
Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund  
c/o Mutual Shareholder Services Inc.  
8000 Town Centre Drive, Suite 400  
Broadview Heights, OH 44147

Overnight :  
Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund  
c/o Mutual Shareholder Services Inc.  
8000 Town Centre Drive, Suite 400  
Broadview Heights, OH 44147

Initial purchase of shares of the Fund may be made by application submitted to the Fund's transfer agent by mail or in person. A check made out to the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund for the initial share purchase should be included with the account application. The minimum purchase of shares is \$1,000. For the convenience of investors, an Account Application is included in every request for a Prospectus. To receive this information, visit our

website at <http://www.leighbaldwin.com>, call the Fund's transfer agent toll free: 1-800-869-1679 or write to:

Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund  
c/o Mutual Shareholder Services Inc.  
8000 Town Centre Drive, Suite 400  
Broadview Heights, OH 44147

You also may make your initial purchase by wiring federal funds from your bank, which may charge you a fee for doing so. To wire money, you must call the Fund's transfer agent at 1-800-869-1679 to notify the Fund of your purchase and obtain an account number and wire instructions.

Wire orders will be accepted only on a day on which the Fund, the custodian and the transfer agent are open for business. A wire purchase will not be considered made until the wired money is received and the purchase is accepted by the Fund. Any delays which may occur in wiring money, including delays which may occur in processing by the banks, are not the responsibility of the Fund or the transfer agent. The Fund presently charges no fee for the receipt of wired funds, but the Fund may charge shareholders for this service in the future.

The Fund reserves the right at its sole discretion to terminate the offering of its shares made by this Prospectus at any time and to reject purchase applications when, in the judgment of management such termination or rejection is in the best interest of the Fund.

The Fund issues only book-entry shares. Therefore, share certificates will not be issued.

**Subsequent Purchases:** Subsequent purchases may be made by mail, wire, or in person. A subsequent purchase is in good order when your purchase request includes the name of the account holder, the dollar amount of shares to be purchased, and a check payable to the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund. The minimum subsequent purchase is \$100. You may also purchase shares of the Fund by wiring federal funds from your bank, which may charge you a fee for doing so. To wire money, you must call the Fund's transfer agent, at 1-800-869-1679 to notify the Fund of your purchase and obtain wire instructions.

## **REDEEMING FUND SHARES**

### **Redemption Requirements**

Shareholders may redeem all or any part of their shares on any day the Fund is open for business. To sell Fund shares, send written instructions, signed by the shareholder(s) with the proper signature guarantee, if applicable, to:

U.S. Mail:  
Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund  
c/o Mutual Shareholder Services Inc.  
8000 Town Centre Drive, Suite 400  
Broadview Heights, OH 44147

Overnight :  
Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund  
c/o Mutual Shareholder Services Inc.  
8000 Town Centre Drive, Suite 400  
Broadview Heights, OH 44147

A signature guarantee is designed to protect the Fund and its shareholders from fraud. A signature guarantee is required to redeem shares in the following situations:

- The redemptions is for more than \$25,000.
- The redemption proceeds are to be paid to someone other than the registered owner of the shares.
- The proceeds are to be mailed to an address other than the registered address of record.
- A change of address request has been received by the Transfer Agent within the last 15 days.
- Ownership of the Account has changed.

A signature guarantee verifies the authenticity of the shareholders signature and the guarantor must be an eligible guarantor. In order to be eligible, the guarantor must be a participant in the STAMP program (a Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program) or the Stock Exchange Medallion Program. Signature guarantees can be obtained from most banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, credit unions, broker/dealers, and FINRA member firms.

### **Redemption Price**

The redemption price is the net asset value per share next determined after notice is received by the Fund for redemption of shares, minus the amount of any applicable redemption fee. Redemption requests received by the Fund's transfer agent in good order before the close of the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. ET) will receive the NAV calculated that day. Redemption requests received by the Fund's transfer agent after the close of the NYSE will receive the NAV calculated following the close of the NYSE on the next following business day. The proceeds received by the shareholder may be more or less than his/her cost of such shares, depending upon the net asset value per share at the time of redemption and the difference should be treated by the shareholder as a capital gain or loss for federal and state income tax purposes.

### **Redemption Fee/Market Timing**

The Fund discourages, and does not accommodate, market timing. Market timing is an investment strategy using frequent purchases and redemptions and/or exchanges in an attempt to profit from short term market movements. Market timing may result in dilution of the value of Fund shares held by long term shareholders, disrupt portfolio management and increase Fund expenses for all shareholders. The Board of Trustees has adopted a policy requiring the Fund's transfer agent to monitor shareholder activity for purchases and redemptions and/or exchanges that reasonably indicate market timing activity. The transfer agent does not employ an objective

standard and may not be able to identify all market timing activity or may misidentify certain trading activity as market timing activity. The Board of Trustees also has adopted a redemption policy to discourage short term traders and/ or market timers from investing in the Fund. A 2% fee will be assessed against investment proceeds withdrawn within five (5) business days of investment. The redemption fee is intended to offset the costs associated with short-term shareholder trading and is retained by the Fund. The redemption fee is applied uniformly in all cases. While the Fund attempts to deter market timing, there is no assurance that it will be able to identify and eliminate all market timers. For example, certain accounts called “omnibus accounts” include multiple shareholders. Omnibus accounts typically provide the Fund with a net purchase or redemption request on any given day where purchasers of Fund shares and redeemers of Fund shares are netted against one another and the identity of individual purchasers and redeemers whose orders are aggregated are not known by the Fund. The netting effect often makes it more difficult to apply redemption fees, and there can be no assurance that the Fund will be able to apply the fee to such accounts in an effective manner. Brokers maintaining omnibus accounts with the Fund have agreed to provide shareholder transaction information, to the extent known to the broker, to the Fund upon request. If the Fund becomes aware of market timing in an omnibus account, it will work with the broker maintaining the omnibus account to identify the shareholder engaging in the market timing activity. In addition to the redemption fee, the Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase order for any reason, including purchase orders that it does not think are in the best interest of the Fund or its shareholders or if the Fund thinks that trading is abusive.

### **Redemption Payment**

Payment by the Fund will be made no later than 7 days after tender. However, the Fund may suspend the right of redemption or postpone the date of payment if: the NYSE is closed for other than customary weekend or holiday closings, trading on the NYSE is restricted as determined by the SEC, the SEC has permitted such postponement, or the SEC has determined that an emergency exists. The Fund intends to make payments in cash, however, the Fund reserves the right to make payments in kind. It should be noted that shareholders will incur brokerage costs when selling the securities received as part of an in kind distribution. Shareholders would also have continuing market risk by holding these securities. The Fund will not issue in kind redemptions using illiquid securities.

## **DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES**

### **Dividends and Distributions**

The Fund typically distributes substantially all of its net investment income in the form of dividends and taxable capital gains to its shareholders. These distributions are automatically reinvested in the Fund unless you request cash distributions on your application or through a written request. The Fund expects that its distributions will consist primarily of capital gains.

### **Taxes**

In general, selling or exchanging shares of the Fund and receiving distributions (whether reinvested or taken in cash) are taxable events. Depending on the purchase price and the sale

price, you may have a gain or a loss on any shares sold. Any tax liabilities generated by your transactions or by receiving distributions are your responsibility. You may want to avoid making a substantial investment when the Fund is about to make a taxable distribution because you would be responsible for any taxes on the distribution regardless of how long you have owned your shares.

Early each year, the Fund will mail to you a statement setting forth the federal income tax information for all distributions made during the previous year. If you do not provide your taxpayer identification number, your account will be subject to backup withholding.

The tax considerations described in this section do not apply to tax-deferred accounts or other non-taxable entities. Because each investor's tax circumstances are unique, please consult with your tax adviser about your investment.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table is intended to help you better understand the Fund's financial performance since its inception. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. Total return represents the rate you would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. The information was audited by Sanville & Company, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's annual report, which is available upon request.

	Period * Ended <u>6/30/2009</u>
Net Asset Value, at Beginning of Period	\$ <u>10.00</u>
Income From Investment Operations:	
Net Investment Income **	0.26
Net Gain (Loss) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	<u>(1.15)</u>
Total from Investment Operations	(0.89)
Distributions:	
Net Investment Income	
	(0.17)
Realized Gains	<u>-</u>
Total from Distributions	(0.17)
Net Asset Value, at End of Period	\$ <u>8.94</u>
Total Return ***	(8.80)% <sup>(a)</sup>
Ratios/Supplemental Data:	
Net Assets at End of Period (Thousands)	\$ 1,631
Before Reimbursement:	
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	16.14% <sup>(b)</sup>
Ratio of Net Investment Loss to Average Net Assets	(11.24)% <sup>(b)</sup>
After Reimbursement:	
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	1.75% <sup>(b)</sup>
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	3.15% <sup>(b)</sup>
Portfolio Turnover	195.12%

\* For the Period August 1, 2008 (commencement of investment operations) through June 30, 2009.

\*\* Per share net investment income has been determined on the basis of average shares outstanding during the period.

\*\*\* Assumes reinvestment of dividends.

<sup>(a)</sup> Not Annualized

<sup>(b)</sup> Annualized

## **PRIVACY POLICY**

The following is a description of the Fund's policies regarding disclosure of nonpublic personal information that you provide to the Fund or that the Fund collects from other sources. In the event that you hold shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the privacy policy of your financial intermediary would govern how your nonpublic personal information would be shared with unaffiliated third parties.

### **Categories of Information the Fund Collects**

The Fund collects the following nonpublic personal information about you:

- Information the Fund receives from you on or in applications or other forms, correspondence, or conversations (such as your name, address, phone number, social security number, assets, income and date of birth); and
- Information about your transactions with the Fund, its affiliates, or others (such as your account number and balance, payment history, parties to transactions, cost basis information, and other financial information).

### **Categories of Information the Fund Discloses**

The Fund does not disclose any nonpublic personal information about their current or former shareholders to unaffiliated third parties, except as required or permitted by law. The Fund is permitted by law to disclose all of the information they collect, as described above, to their service providers (such as the Fund's custodian, administrator and transfer agent) to process your transactions and otherwise provide services to you.

### **Confidentiality and Security**

The Fund restricts access to your nonpublic personal information to those persons who require such information to provide products or services to you. The Fund maintains physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard your nonpublic personal information.

## **FOR MORE INFORMATION**

Several additional sources of information are available to you. The Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”), incorporated into this prospectus by reference, contains detailed information on the Fund’s policies and operations including policies and procedures relating to disclosure of the Fund’s portfolio. Annual and semi-annual reports will contain management’s discussion of market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund’s performance results as of the Fund’s latest semi-annual or annual fiscal year end.

Call the Fund’s transfer agent toll free: 1-800-869-1679 to request free copies of the SAI and the Funds’ annual and semi-annual reports or to request other information about the Funds and to make shareholder inquiries. You may also visit our website at <http://www.frankfunds.com> for this information.

You may review and copy information about the Fund (including the SAI and other reports) at the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Call the SEC at (202) 551-8090 for room hours and operation. You may also obtain reports and other information about the Fund on the EDGAR Database on the SEC’s Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>, and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing the SEC’s Public Reference Section, 100 F Street N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549-5009.

## **WHY YOU SHOULD READ THIS PROSPECTUS**

Every attempt has been made to present the objectives, risks and strategies of the Fund in plain and, hopefully, easily understandable language. The Prospectus is designed to aid you in deciding whether this is one of the right investments for you. We suggest that you keep it for future references.

SEC file number 811-21532

**LEIGH BALDWIN TOTAL RETURN FUND  
STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION  
NOVEMBER 1, 2009**

This Statement Of Additional Information (“SAI”) is not a prospectus, but should be read in conjunction with the Fund's current Prospectus dated November 1, 2009. A free copy of the Prospectus can be obtained by writing the transfer agent at Mutual Shareholder Services, LLC, 8000 Town Centre Drive, Suite 400, Broadview Heights, OH 44147, or by calling 1-800-869-1679. The Fund's prospectus is incorporated by reference in this SAI.

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## DESCRIPTION OF THE TRUST AND THE FUND

The Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund (the “Fund”) was organized as a non-diversified series of the Frank Funds (the “Trust”) on November 27, 2007 and commenced operations on July 28, 2008. The Trust is an open-end investment company established under the laws of Ohio by an Agreement and Declaration of Trust dated February 12, 2004 (the “Trust Agreement”). The Trust Agreement permits the Trustees to issue an unlimited number of shares of beneficial interest of separate series without par value. The Fund and the Frank Value Fund are the only series currently authorized by the Trustees. The investment Advisor to the Fund is Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC (the “Advisor” or “LBC”).

The Fund does not issue share certificates. All shares are held in non-certificate form registered on the books of the Fund and the Fund’s transfer agent for the account of the shareholder. Each share of a series represents an equal proportionate interest in the assets and liabilities belonging to that series with each other share of that series and is entitled to such dividends and distributions out of income belonging to the series as are declared by the Trustees. The shares do not have cumulative voting rights or any preemptive or conversion rights, and the Trustees have the authority from time to time to divide or combine the shares of any series into a greater or lesser number of shares of that series so long as the proportionate beneficial interest in the assets belonging to that series and the rights of shares of any other series are in no way affected. In case of any liquidation of a series, the holders of shares of the series being liquidated will be entitled to receive as a class a distribution out of the assets, net of the liabilities, belonging to that series. Expenses attributable to any series are borne by that series. Any general expenses of the Trust not readily identifiable as belonging to a particular series are allocated by or under the direction of the Trustees in such manner as the Trustees determine to be fair and equitable. No shareholder is liable to further calls or to assessment by the Trust without his or her express consent.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND’S INVESTMENTS

### **Non-Principal Investment Strategies and Risks**

All principal investment strategies and risks are discussed in the prospectus. Additional non-principal strategies and risks are discussed here.

*Corporate debt securities* are long and short-term debt obligations issued by companies (such as publicly issued and privately placed bonds, notes and commercial paper). The Advisor considers corporate debt securities to be of investment grade quality if they are rated BBB or higher by S&P or Baa or higher by Moody’s, or if unrated, determined by the Advisor to be of comparable quality. Investment grade debt securities generally have adequate to strong protection of principal and interest payments. In the lower end of this category, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity to pay interest and repay principal than in higher rated categories. The Fund may invest in both secured and unsecured corporate bonds. A secured bond is backed by collateral and an unsecured bond is not. Therefore an unsecured bond may have a lower recovery value than a secured bond in the event of a default by its issuer. The Advisor may incorrectly analyze the risks inherent in corporate

bonds, such as the issuer's ability to meet interest and principal payments, resulting in a loss to the Fund.

The Fund may also purchase or hold lower quality debt securities, or unrated debt securities, that have poor protection of payment of principal and interest. These securities, commonly referred to as “junk bonds,” often are considered to be speculative and involve greater risk of default and of price changes due to changes in the issuer’s creditworthiness. Market prices of these securities may fluctuate more than higher quality debt securities and may decline significantly in periods of general economic difficulty that may follow periods of rising rates. While the market for junk bonds has been in existence for many years and has weathered previous economic downturns, the market in recent years has experienced a dramatic increase in the large-scale use of such securities to fund highly leveraged corporate acquisitions and restructurings. Accordingly, past experience may not provide an accurate indication of future performance of the junk bond market, especially during periods of economic recession. The Fund may invest in or hold securities which are of lower quality or are unrated if the Advisor determines that the securities provide the opportunity of meeting the Fund’s objective without presenting excessive risk. The Advisor will consider all factors, which it deems appropriate, including ratings, in making investment decisions for the Fund and will attempt to minimize investment risks through diversification, investment analysis and monitoring of general economic conditions and trends. To the extent that the Fund invests in or holds lower quality securities, achievement of its investment objective may be more dependent on the Advisor’s credit analyses than is the case for higher quality bonds. While the Advisor may refer to ratings, it does not rely exclusively on ratings, but makes its own independent and ongoing review of credit quality.

The market for lower quality securities may be thinner and less active than that for higher quality securities, which can adversely affect the prices at which these securities can be sold. If there is not established retail secondary market and market quotations are not available, these securities are valued in accordance with procedures established by the Board of Trustees, including the use of outside pricing services. Judgment plays a greater role in valuing junk bonds than is the case for securities for which external sources for quotations and last-sale information are available. Adverse publicity and changing investor perceptions may affect the ability of outside pricing services used by the Fund to value these securities, and the Fund’s ability to dispose of these lower quality debt securities.

Lower quality securities present risks based on payment expectations. For example, junk bonds may contain redemption or call provisions. If an issuer exercises the provisions in a declining interest rate market, the Fund would have to replace the security with a lower yielding security, resulting in a decreased return for investors. Conversely, a junk bond’s value will decrease in a rising interest rate market, as will the value of the Fund’s assets. If the Fund experiences unexpected net redemptions, this may force it to sell its junk bonds, without regard to their investment merits, thereby decreasing the asset base upon which the Fund’s expenses can be spread and possibly reducing the Fund’s rate of return.

Since the risk of default is higher for lower quality securities and sometimes increases with the age of these securities, the Advisor's research and credit analysis are an integral part of managing any securities of this type held by the Fund. In considering investments for the Fund, the Advisor attempts to identify those issuers of high-yielding securities whose financial condition is adequate to meet future obligations, has improved or is expected to improve in the future. The Advisor's analysis focuses on relative values based on such factors as interest or dividend coverage, asset coverage, earning prospects, and the experience and managerial strength of the issuer.

**Warrants** are securities that are usually issued with a bond or preferred stock but may trade separately in the market. A warrant allows its holder to purchase a specified amount of common stock at a specified price for a specified time. The risk in investing in warrants is the Advisor might miscalculate their value, resulting in a loss to the Fund. Another risk is the warrants will not realize their value because the underlying common stock does not reach the Advisor's anticipated price within the life of the warrant.

**Rights** are usually granted to existing shareholders of a corporation to subscribe to shares of a new issue of common stock before it is issued to the public. The right entitles its holder to buy common stock at a specified price. Rights have similar features to warrants, except that the life of a right is typically much shorter, usually a few weeks. The Advisor believes rights may become underpriced if they are sold without regard to value and if analysts do not include them in their research. The risk in investing in rights is the Advisor might miscalculate their value resulting in a loss to the Fund. Another risk is the underlying common stock may not reach the Advisor's anticipated price within the life of the right.

**Preferred stocks** are securities that have characteristics of both common stocks and corporate bonds. Preferred stocks may receive dividends but payment is not guaranteed as with a bond. These securities may be undervalued because of a lack of analyst coverage resulting in a high dividend yield or yield to maturity. The risks of preferred stocks are a lack of voting rights and the Advisor may incorrectly analyze the security, resulting in a loss to the Fund. Furthermore, preferred stock dividends are not guaranteed and management can elect to forego the preferred dividend, resulting in a loss to the Fund.

**Foreign securities** are considered only if they are trading in domestic markets such as through the American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), or are directly listed in a domestic market such as the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ. An ADR is a receipt for the shares of a foreign-based corporation, held in the vault of a U.S. bank and entitling the shareholder to all dividends and capital gains. A sponsored ADR is issued by a company whose stock will underlie the ADR. The corporation provides financial information to the bank and may subsidize the administration of the ADRs. An unsponsored ADR is issued by a broker/dealer or a depositary bank without the involvement of the company whose stock underlies the ADR. Purchases of foreign equity securities entail certain risks. For example, there may be less information publicly available about a foreign company than about a U.S. company, and foreign companies are not generally subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and practices comparable to those in the U.S. Other risks associated with investments in foreign securities include changes in restrictions on foreign currency transactions and rates of exchanges, changes in the administrations or economic and monetary policies of foreign governments, the imposition of

exchange control regulations, the possibility of expropriation decrees and other adverse foreign governmental action, the imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, delays in settlement of securities transactions and greater price volatility. Unsponsored ADRs may carry more risk than sponsored ADRs because of the absence of financial information provided by the underlying company. In addition, investing in foreign securities will generally result in higher commissions than investing in similar domestic securities.

***Investment Company Securities*** are shares of other mutual funds. The Fund may temporarily invest in investment company due to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions; to maintain liquidity; or pending selection of investments in accordance with its investment policies. Under Section 12(d)(1) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, (the "1940 Act"), the Fund may only invest up to 5% of its total assets in the securities of any one investment company, but may not own more than 3% of the outstanding voting stock of any one investment company or invest more than 10% of its total assets in the securities of other investment companies. However, Section 12(d)(1)(F) of the 1940 Act provides that the provisions of paragraph 12(d)(1) shall not apply to securities purchased or otherwise acquired by the Fund if (i) immediately after such purchase or acquisition not more than 3% of the total outstanding stock of such registered investment company is owned by the Fund and all affiliated persons of the Fund; and (ii) the Fund has not offered or sold after January 1, 1971, and is not proposing to offer or sell any security issued by it through a principal underwriter or otherwise at a public or offering price which includes a sales load of more than 1 ½% percent. An investment company that issues shares to the Fund pursuant to paragraph 12(d)(1)(F) shall not be required to redeem its shares in an amount exceeding 1% of such investment company's total outstanding shares in any period of less than thirty days. The Fund (or the Advisor acting on behalf of the Fund) must comply with the following voting restrictions: when the Fund exercises voting rights, by proxy or otherwise, with respect to investment companies owned by the Fund, the Fund will either seek instruction from the Fund's shareholders with regard to the voting of all proxies and vote in accordance with such instructions, or vote the shares held by the Fund in the same proportion as the vote of all other holders of such security. Because other investment companies employ an investment advisor, such investments by the Fund may cause shareholders to bear duplicate fees.

***Futures Contracts.*** Futures contracts provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified amount of a specific security, class of securities, or an index at a specified future time and at a specified price. Futures contracts may be issued with respect to fixed-income securities, foreign currencies, single stocks or financial indices, including indices of U.S. government securities, foreign government securities, and equity or fixed-income securities. U.S. futures contracts are traded on exchanges that have been designated "contract markets" by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") and must be executed through a futures commission merchant ("FCM"), or brokerage firm, which is a member of the relevant contract market. Through their clearing corporations, the exchanges guarantee performance of the contracts between the clearing members of the exchange. The Fund only invests in futures contracts to the extent it could invest in the underlying instrument directly.

The Fund will engage in futures transactions for hedging purposes only. This means that the Fund's primary purpose in entering into futures contracts is to protect the Fund from fluctuations in the value of securities or interest rates without actually buying or selling the underlying debt or equity security. For example, if the Fund anticipates an increase in the price of stocks, and it intends to purchase stocks at a later time, the Fund could enter into a futures contract to purchase a stock index as a temporary substitute for stock purchases. If an increase in the market occurs that influences the stock index as anticipated, the value of the futures contracts will increase, thereby serving as a hedge against the Fund not participating in a market advance. This technique is sometimes known as an anticipatory hedge. Conversely, if the Fund holds stocks and seeks to protect itself from a decrease in stock prices, the Fund might sell stock index futures contracts, thereby hoping to offset the potential decline in the value of its portfolio securities by a corresponding increase in the value of the futures contract position. The Fund could protect against a decline in stock prices by selling portfolio securities and investing in money market instruments, but the use of futures contracts enables it to maintain a defensive position without having to sell portfolio securities.

If the Fund owns Treasury bonds and the portfolio manager expects interest rates to increase, the Fund may take a short position in interest rate futures contracts. Taking such a position would have much the same effect as the Fund selling Treasury bonds in its portfolio. If interest rates increase as anticipated, the value of the Treasury bonds would decline, but the value of the Fund's interest rate futures contract will increase, thereby keeping the net asset value of the Fund from declining as much as it may have otherwise. If, on the other hand, a portfolio manager expects interest rates to decline, the Fund may take a long position in interest rate futures contracts in anticipation of later closing out the futures position and purchasing the bonds. Although the Fund can accomplish similar results by buying securities with long maturities and selling securities with short maturities, given the greater liquidity of the futures market than the cash market, it may be possible to accomplish the same result more easily and more quickly by using futures contracts as an investment tool to reduce risk.

#### Risk Factors in Futures Transactions

*Liquidity Risk.* Because futures contracts are generally settled within a day from the date they are closed out, compared with a settlement period of three days for some types of securities, the futures markets can provide superior liquidity to the securities markets. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that a liquid secondary market will exist for any particular futures contract at any particular time. In addition, futures exchanges may establish daily price fluctuation limits for futures contracts and may halt trading if a contract's price moves upward or downward more than the limit in a given day. On volatile trading days when the price fluctuation limit is reached, it may be impossible for the Fund to enter into new positions or close out existing positions. If the secondary market for a futures contract is not liquid because of price fluctuation limits or otherwise, the Fund may not be able to promptly liquidate unfavorable futures positions and potentially could be required to continue to hold a futures position until the delivery date, regardless of changes in its value. As a result, the Fund's access to other assets held to cover its futures positions also could be impaired.

*Risk of Loss.* Although the Fund believes that the use of such contracts will benefit the Fund, the Fund's overall performance could be worse than if the Fund had not entered into futures contracts if the Advisor's investment judgment proves incorrect. For example, if the Fund has hedged against the effects of a possible decrease in prices of securities held in its portfolio and prices increase instead, the Fund will lose part or all of the benefit of the increased value of these securities because of offsetting losses in its futures positions. In addition, if the Fund has insufficient cash, it may have to sell securities from its portfolio to meet daily variation margin requirements. Those sales may be, but will not necessarily be, at increased prices that reflect the rising market and may occur at a time when the sales are disadvantageous to the Fund.

The risk of loss in trading futures contracts in some strategies can be substantial, due both to the low margin deposits required, and the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing. Because the deposit requirements in the futures markets are less onerous than margin requirements in the securities market, there may be increased participation by speculators in the futures market that may also cause temporary price distortions. A relatively small price movement in a futures contract may result in immediate and substantial loss (as well as gain) to the investor. For example, if at the time of purchase, 10% of the value of the futures contract is deposited as margin, a subsequent 10% decrease in the value of the futures contract would result in a total loss of the margin deposit, before any deduction for the transaction costs, if the account were then closed out. Thus, a purchase or sale of a futures contract may result in losses in excess of the amount invested in the contract. The Fund will only engage in futures transactions when it is believed these risks are justified and will engage in futures transactions primarily for risk management purposes.

*Correlation Risk.* The prices of futures contracts depend primarily on the value of their underlying instruments. Because there are a limited number of types of futures contracts, it is possible that the standardized futures contracts available to the Fund will not match exactly the Fund's current or potential investments. The Fund may buy and sell futures contracts based on underlying instruments with different characteristics from the securities in which it typically invests--for example, by hedging investments in portfolio securities with a futures contract based on a broad index of securities--which involves a risk that the futures position will not correlate precisely with the performance of the Fund's investments.

Futures prices can also diverge from the prices of their underlying instruments, even if the underlying instruments closely correlate with the Fund's investments. Futures prices are affected by factors such as current and anticipated short-term interest rates, changes in volatility of the underlying instruments and the time remaining until expiration of the contract. Those factors may affect securities prices differently from futures prices. Imperfect correlations between the Fund's investments and its futures positions also may result from differing levels of demand in the futures markets and the securities markets, from structural differences in how futures and securities are traded, and from imposition of daily price fluctuation limits for futures contracts. The Fund may buy or sell futures contracts with a greater or lesser value than the securities it wishes to hedge or is considering purchasing in order to attempt to compensate for

differences in historical volatility between the futures contract and the securities, although this may not be successful in all cases. If price changes in the Fund's futures positions are poorly correlated with its other investments, its futures positions may fail to produce desired gains or result in losses that are not offset by the gains in the Fund's other investments.

### Margin Requirements

The buyer or seller of a futures contract is not required to deliver or pay for the underlying instrument unless the contract is held until the delivery date. However, both the buyer and seller are required to deposit "initial margin" for the benefit of the FCM when the contract is entered into. Initial margin deposits:

- Are equal to a percentage of the contract's value, as set by the exchange on which the contract is traded;
- May be maintained in cash or certain other liquid assets by the Fund's custodian for the benefit of the FCM; and
- Are similar to good faith deposits or performance bonds.

Unlike margin extended by a securities broker, initial margin payments do not constitute purchasing securities on margin for purposes of the Fund's investment limitations. If the value of either party's position declines, that party will be required to make additional "variation margin" payments for the benefit of the FCM to settle the change in value on a daily basis. The party that has a gain may be entitled to receive all or a portion of this amount. In the event of the bankruptcy of the FCM that holds margin on behalf of the Fund, the Fund may be entitled to return of margin owed to the Fund only in proportion to the amount received by the FCM's other customers. The Trust will attempt to minimize this risk by careful monitoring of the creditworthiness of the FCMs with which it does business and by depositing margin payments in a segregated account with the Trust's custodian.

### SEC Segregation Requirements

In addition to the margin restrictions discussed above, transactions in futures contracts may involve the segregation of funds pursuant to requirements imposed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Under those requirements, where the Fund has a long position in a futures contract, it may be required to establish a segregated account (not with a futures commission merchant or broker) containing cash or certain liquid assets equal to the purchase price of the contract (less any margin on deposit). However, segregation of assets is not required if the Fund "covers" a long position. For a short position in futures or forward contracts held by the Fund, those requirements may mandate the establishment of a segregated account (not with a futures commission merchant or broker) with cash or certain liquid assets that, when added to the amounts deposited as margin, equal the market value of the instruments underlying the futures contracts (but are not less than the price at which the short positions were established).

## Liquidity Impact of Margin and SEC Segregation Requirements

Although the Fund will segregate cash and liquid assets in an amount sufficient to cover its open futures obligations, the segregated assets will be available to the Fund immediately upon closing out the futures position, while settlement of securities transactions could take several days. However, because the Fund's cash that may otherwise be invested would be held uninvested or invested in other liquid assets so long as the futures position remains open, the Fund's return could be diminished due to the opportunity losses of foregoing other potential investments.

### **Investment Restrictions**

Fundamental. The investment limitations described below have been adopted by the Trust with respect to the Fund and are fundamental ("Fundamental"), i.e., they may not be changed without the affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund. As used in the Prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information, the term "majority" of the outstanding shares of the Fund means the lesser of: (1) 67% or more of the outstanding shares of the Fund present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares of the Fund are present or represented at such meeting; or (2) more than 50% of the outstanding shares of the Fund. Other investment practices, which may be changed by the Board of Trustees without the approval of shareholders to, the extent permitted by applicable law, regulation or regulatory policy are considered non-fundamental ("Non-Fundamental").

1. Borrowing Money. The Fund will not borrow money, except: (a) from a bank, provided that immediately after such borrowing there is an asset coverage of 300% for all borrowings of the Fund; or (b) from a bank or other persons for temporary purposes only, provided that such temporary borrowings are in an amount not exceeding 5% of the Fund's total assets at the time when the borrowing is made. This limitation does not preclude the Fund from entering into reverse repurchase transactions, provided that the Fund has an asset coverage of 300% for all borrowings and repurchase commitments of the Fund pursuant to reverse repurchase transactions.

2. Senior Securities. The Fund will not issue senior securities. This limitation is not applicable to activities that may be deemed to involve the issuance or sale of a senior security by the Fund, provided that the Fund's engagement in such activities is consistent with or permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or interpretations of the SEC or its staff.

3. Underwriting. The Fund will not act as underwriter of securities issued by other persons. This limitation is not applicable to the extent that, in connection with the disposition of portfolio securities (including restricted securities), the Fund may be deemed an underwriter under certain federal securities laws.

4. Real Estate. The Fund will not purchase or sell real estate. This limitation is not applicable to investments in marketable securities that are secured by or represent interests in real estate. This limitation does not preclude the Fund from investing in mortgage-related

securities or investing in companies engaged in the real estate business or that have a significant portion of their assets in real estate (including real estate investment trusts).

5. Commodities. The Fund will not purchase or sell commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other investments. This limitation does not preclude the Fund from purchasing or selling options or futures contracts, from investing in securities or other instruments backed by commodities or from investing in companies, which are engaged in a commodities business or have a significant portion of their assets in commodities.

6. Loans. The Fund will not make loans to other persons, except: (a) by loaning portfolio securities; (b) by engaging in repurchase agreements; or (c) by purchasing nonpublicly offered debt securities. For purposes of this limitation, the term “loans” shall not include the purchase of a portion of an issue of publicly distributed bonds, debentures or other securities.

7. Concentration. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its total assets in a particular industry or group of industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its total assets in any investment company that concentrates. This limitation is not applicable to investments in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities or repurchase agreements with respect thereto.

With respect to the percentages adopted by the Trust as maximum limitations on its investment policies and limitations, an excess above the fixed percentage will not be a violation of the policy or limitation unless the excess results immediately and directly from the acquisition of any security or the action taken. This paragraph does not apply to the borrowing policy set forth in paragraph 1 above.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing limitations, any investment company, whether organized as a trust, association or corporation, or a personal holding company, may be merged or consolidated with or acquired by the Trust, provided that if such merger, consolidation or acquisition results in an investment in the securities of any issuer prohibited by said paragraphs, the Trust shall, within ninety days after the consummation of such merger, consolidation or acquisition, dispose of all of the securities of such issuer so acquired or such portion thereof as shall bring the total investment therein within the limitations imposed by said paragraphs above as of the date of consummation.

Non-Fundamental. The following limitations have been adopted by the Trust with respect to the Fund and are Non-Fundamental (see “Investment Limitations - Fundamental” above).

1. Pledging. The Fund will not mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or in any manner transfer, as security for indebtedness, any assets of the Fund except as may be necessary in connection with borrowings described in limitation (1) above. Margin deposits, security interests, liens and collateral arrangements with respect to transactions involving options, futures contracts, short sales and other permitted investments and techniques are not deemed to be a mortgage, pledge or hypothecation of assets for purposes of this limitation. Not more than 33⅓% of the Fund's assets may be pledged in accordance with this restriction.

2. Borrowing. The Fund will not purchase any security while borrowings (including reverse repurchase agreements) representing more than 5% of its total assets are outstanding.

3. Margin Purchases. The Fund will not purchase securities or evidences of interest thereon on "margin." This limitation is not applicable to short-term credit obtained by the Fund for the clearance of purchases and sales or redemption of securities, or to arrangements with respect to transactions involving options, or futures contracts.

4. Illiquid Investments. The Fund will not invest 15% or more of its net assets in securities for which there are legal or contractual restrictions on resale and other illiquid securities. In the event the Fund exceeds this 15% limitation, the Fund will not purchase additional illiquid securities until the Fund is back into compliance with the 15% limitation.

5. Loans. The Fund may not lend any security if, as a result, more than 33 1/3% of its total assets would be lent to other parties. This Fund does not intend to make any loans other than securities loans, purchases of debt securities or other debt instruments, or repurchase agreements.

### **Temporary Defensive Positions**

To respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions, the Fund may take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies. For example, the Fund may hold all or a portion of its assets in money market instruments or money market funds. If the Fund invests in shares of a money market fund or other investment company, the shareholders of that Fund will be subject to duplicative management fees. As a result of engaging in these temporary measures, the Fund may not achieve its investment objective, and the Fund may pay higher commissions as a result of increased portfolio turnover. The Fund may also invest in such instruments at any time to maintain liquidity or pending selection of investments in accordance with its policies.

### **MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND**

The Board of Trustees supervises the business activities of the Trust and appoints the officers. Each Trustee serves as a trustee until the termination of the Trust unless the Trustee dies, resigns, retires or is removed. As of the date of this SAI, the Fund and the Frank Value Fund are the only series in the "Fund Complex". The mailing address of each trustee and officer is 312 East 22<sup>nd</sup> Street, New York, New York, 10010. The Board generally meets four times a year to review Fund progress and status. For the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009, the Board met four times.

The following table provides information regarding each Trustee who is not an “interested person” of the Trust, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

<b>Name, Address and Age</b>	<b>Position(s) Held with the Fund</b>	<b>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</b>	<b>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</b>	<b>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</b>	<b>Other Directorships Held by Director</b>
Matthew D.L. Deutsch  Age: 28	Trustee	Indefinite/June 2004 - present	CEO of Deutsch & Thomas, Inc., a seller of professional business plans, September 2005 to present; Investment Strategist and Director, M.D.L. Deutsch and Company, an investment management company, February 2003 to September 2005; Student, New York University, Economics major, August 2000 to May 2004.	2	None
Jason W. Frey  Age: 30	Trustee	Indefinite/June 2004 - present	Software Developer, ManageIQ, Inc., a virtualization software company, October 2007 to present; Product Developer, Metavante Corporation (f.k.a. Prime Associates, Inc.) a regulatory compliance and banking software development company, September 2002 to present.	2	None

The following table provides information regarding each Trustee who is an “interested person” of the Trust, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, and each officer of the Trust.

<b>Name, Address and Age</b>	<b>Position(s) Held with the Fund</b>	<b>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</b>	<b>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</b>	<b>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</b>	<b>Other Directorships Held by Director</b>
Brian J. Frank <sup>1</sup> Age: 27	President, Treasurer, Chief Compliance Officer, and Trustee	Indefinite/Treasurer, Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer, June 2004 – present; President and Trustee, September 2009 - present	Managing Partner of Frank Capital Partners LLC since June 2003; Student, New York University, Accounting and Finance major, August 2000 to May 2004.	2	None
Monique M. Weiss <sup>1</sup> Age: 40	Secretary	Indefinite/September 2009 - present	Self-employed, Consultant to Mutual Fund Industry, 2006 – present; Executive Director Morgan Stanley Investment Management, 1998 – 2006	2	None

<sup>1</sup> Brian Frank is considered an “Interested” Trustee, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, because he is affiliated with the Adviser. Brian Frank and Monique Weiss are married.

The Trust’s audit committee consists of Matthew D.L. Deutsch and Jason W. Frey. The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Fund’s accounting and financial reporting policies and practices, its internal controls and, as appropriate, the internal controls of certain service providers; overseeing the quality and objectivity of the Fund’s financial statements and the independent audit of the financial statements; and acting as a liaison between the Fund’s independent auditors and the full Board of Trustees. None of the audit committee members are “Interested” as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The audit committee held three meetings during the fiscal period ended June 30, 2009.

As of December 31, 2008, the Trustees owned the following amounts in the Fund:

<b>Name of Trustee or Officer</b>	<b>Dollar Range of Securities In The Fund</b>	<b>Aggregate Dollar Range of Securities In Trust</b>
Brian J. Frank	None	\$50,001 - \$100,000
Matthew D.L. Deutsch	None	None
Jason W. Frey	None	\$10,001 - \$50,000

The following table describes the compensation paid to the Trustees for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2009. Trustees of the Fund who are deemed "interested persons" of the Trust, and officers of the Fund, receive no compensation from the Fund.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Aggregate Compensation from the Fund</b>	<b>Total Compensation from Trust</b>
Brian J. Frank	\$0	\$0
Matthew D.L. Deutsch	\$400	\$800
Jason W. Frey	\$400	\$800

## **CODE OF ETHICS**

Pursuant to the requirements of rule 17j-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and in order to protect against certain unlawful acts, practices and courses of business by certain individuals or entities related to the Fund, the Fund and the Advisor have adopted a Code of Ethics and procedures for implementing the provisions of the Code. The personnel of the Fund and the Advisor are subject to the code of ethics when investing in securities that may be purchased, sold or held by the Fund.

### **DISCLOSURE CONCERNING PROXY VOTING RELATED TO PORTFOLIO SECURITIES**

The Board of Trustees of the Trust has delegated responsibilities for decisions regarding proxy voting for securities held by the Fund to the Fund's Advisor. The Advisor will vote such proxies in accordance with its proxy policies and procedures. In some instances, the Advisor may be asked to cast a proxy vote that presents a conflict between the interests of the Fund's shareholders, and those of the Advisor or an affiliated person of the Advisor. In such a case, the Trust's policy requires that the Advisor abstain from making a voting decision and to forward all necessary proxy voting materials to the Trust to enable the Board of Trustees to make a voting decision. The Advisor shall make a written recommendation of the voting decision to the Board of Trustees, which shall include: (i) an explanation of why it has a conflict of interest; (ii) the reasons for its recommendation; and (iii) an explanation of why the recommendation is consistent with the Advisor's (or sub-Advisor's) proxy voting policies. The Board of Trustees shall make the proxy voting decision that in its judgment, after reviewing the recommendation of the Advisor, is most consistent with the Advisor's proxy voting policies and in the best interests of Fund shareholders. When the Board of Trustees of the Trust is required to make a proxy voting decision, only the Trustees without a conflict of interest with regard to the security in question or the matter to be voted upon shall be permitted to participate in the decision of how the Fund's vote will be cast.

The Advisor's policies and procedures state that the Advisor generally relies on the individual portfolio manager(s) to make the final decision on how to cast proxy votes. When exercising its voting responsibilities, the Advisor's policies call for an emphasis on (i) accountability of management of the company to its board, and of the board to the company's shareholders, (ii) alignment of management and shareholder interests and (iii) transparency through timely disclosure of important information about a company's operations and financial performance. While no set of proxy voting guidelines can anticipate all situations that may arise, the Advisor has adopted guidelines describing the Advisor's general philosophy when proposals involve certain matters. The following is a summary of those guidelines:

- electing a board of directors – a board should be composed primarily of independent directors, and key board committees should be entirely independent. The Advisor generally supports efforts to declassify boards or other measures that permit shareholders to remove a majority of directors at any time;

- approving independent auditors – the relationship between a company and its auditors should be limited primarily to the audit engagement;
- providing equity-based compensation plans - appropriately designed equity-based compensation plans, approved by shareholders, can be an effective way to align the interests of shareholders and the interests of directors, management, and employees by providing incentives to increase shareholder value. Conversely, the Advisor is opposed to plans that substantially dilute ownership interests in the company, provide participants with excessive awards, or have inherently objectionable structural features;
- corporate voting structure - shareholders should have voting power equal to their equity interest in the company and should be able to approve or reject changes to a company’s by-laws by a simple majority vote. The Advisor opposes super-majority requirements and generally supports the ability of shareholders to cumulate their votes for the election of directors; and
- shareholder rights plans. - shareholder rights plans, also known as poison pills, may tend to entrench current management, which the Advisor generally considers to have a negative impact on shareholder value.
- Other investment companies. - when the Fund exercises voting rights, by proxy or otherwise, with respect to investment companies owned by the Fund, the Fund will either seek instruction from the Fund’s shareholders with regard to the voting of all proxies and vote in accordance with such instructions, or vote the shares held by the Fund in the same proportion as the vote of all other holders of such security.

Information regarding the Fund’s proxy voting record during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available at no charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-869-1679. The information also is available on the SEC’s website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). In addition, a copy of the Fund’s proxy voting policies and procedures are also available by calling 1-866-706-9790 and will be sent within three business days of receipt of a request.

## **CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS OF SECURITIES**

### **Control Persons**

As of the date of this SAI, the following persons were the owners of more than 5% of the outstanding shares of the Fund:

Name and Address	Fund	Percentage of Ownership	Type of Ownership
Leigh Baldwin	Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund	5.86%	Record & Beneficial

Shareholders owning more than 25% of the shares of the Fund are considered to “control” the Fund as that term is defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Persons controlling the Fund can determine the outcome of any proposal submitted to the shareholders for approval, including changes to the Fund’s fundamental policies or the terms of the management agreement with the Advisor.

### **Management Ownership**

As of the date of this SAI, all officers and trustees as a group owned 0% of the outstanding shares of the Fund.

## **INVESTMENT ADVISORY AND OTHER SERVICES**

### **Investment Advisor**

The Board of Trustees selected Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC as the adviser to the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund. Leigh Baldwin individually owns 75% of the Advisor and acts as its President and Portfolio Manager of the Fund. Leigh Baldwin & Company, Inc. owns 25% of the Advisor.

Under the terms of the management agreement (the “Agreement”), the Advisor manages the Fund’s investments subject to approval of the Board of Trustees and pays all of the expenses of the Fund except administrative fees, 12b-1 fees, brokerage fees and commissions, taxes, borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense of securities sold short) acquired fund fees and expenses and extraordinary expenses. As compensation for its management services, the Fund is obligated to pay the Advisor a fee computed and accrued daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 0.45% of the average daily net assets of the Fund.

The Agreement will continue for an initial term of two years, and on a year to year basis thereafter, provided that continuance is approved at least annually by specific approval of the Board of Trustees of the Fund Complex or by vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund. In either event, it must also be approved by a majority of Trustees of the Fund Complex who are neither parties to the agreement nor interested persons as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, at a meeting called for the purpose of voting on such approval.

Under the terms of the Agreement, the Advisor will furnish investment advice to the Fund on the basis of a continuous review of the portfolio and recommend to the Fund when and to what extent securities should be purchased or sold. The Agreement may be terminated at any time without the payment of any penalty by the Board of Trustees or by vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund on not more than 60 days written notice to the Advisor. In the event of its assignment, the Agreement will terminate automatically.

For the period from the commencement of investment operations (August 1, 2008) through June 30, 2009, the Fund paid management fees of \$3,242.99.

### The Portfolio Managers

Mr. Leigh Baldwin (the “Portfolio Manager”) is the portfolio manager responsible for the day-to-day management of the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund. As of June 30, 2009, the Portfolio Manager was responsible for the management of the following types of accounts, in addition to the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund:

<b>Account Type</b>	<b>Number of Accounts by Account Type</b>	<b>Total Assets By Account Type</b>	<b>Number of Accounts by Type Subject to a Performance Fee</b>	<b>Total Assets By Account Type Subject to a Performance Fee</b>
Registered Investment Companies	None	\$0	None	0
Other Pooled Investment Vehicles	None	\$0	None	\$0
Other Accounts	None	\$0	None	\$0

As of June 30, 2009, the Portfolio Manager managed no other accounts. However, the Portfolio Manager is a representative of a registered broker-dealer and actual or apparent conflicts of interest may arise in connection with the day-to-day management of the Fund and work performed for the broker-dealer. If the Portfolio Manager manages other accounts in the future, the management of the Fund and the other accounts may result in unequal time and attention being devoted to the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund and the other accounts. Another potential conflict of interest may arise where another account has the same investment objective as the Fund, whereby the Portfolio Manager could favor one account over another. Further, a potential conflict could include the Portfolio Managers' knowledge about the size, timing and possible market impact of Fund trades, whereby the Portfolio Manager could use this information to the advantage of the other accounts and to the disadvantage of the Fund. These potential conflicts of interest could create the appearance that the Portfolio Manager is favoring one investment vehicle over another. The Advisor has adopted a trade allocation policy requiring sequential execution of trades when more than one account managed by the Advisor is purchasing the same security. Where the Fund and other accounts managed by the Portfolio Manager are purchasing the same security, the trade will be blocked so that the Fund and the other accounts will receive the same price.

While the Fund pays the Advisor a fee based on assets under management, Mr. Leigh Baldwin’s compensation from the Advisor is not fixed. Because the Mr. Baldwin owns the Advisor, his compensation is based upon the Advisor's profitability. Mr. Baldwin participates directly in all profits and losses of the Advisor, including the advisory fees paid by the Fund, and

is paid in cash. There are no bonuses, options, deferred compensation or retirement plans associated with his service to the Fund.

The following table shows the dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by the Portfolio Manager in the Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund as of June 30, 2009.

<b>Name of Portfolio Manager</b>	<b>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the Fund</b>
Leigh Baldwin	\$100,001 - \$500,000

### **Custodian**

The Huntington National Bank, 41 South High Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, is custodian of the Fund's investments. The custodian acts as the Fund's depository, provides safekeeping of its portfolio securities, collects all income and other payments with respect thereto, disburses funds at the Fund's request and maintains records in connection with its duties.

### **Fund Services**

Mutual Shareholder Services, LLC. ("MSS"), 8000 Town Centre Drive, Suite 400, Broadview Heights, Ohio 44147, acts as the Fund's transfer agent. MSS maintains the records of the shareholder's account, answers shareholders' inquiries concerning their accounts, processes purchases and redemptions of the Fund's shares, acts as dividend and distribution disbursing agent and performs other transfer agent and shareholder service functions. MSS receives an annual fee from the Advisor of \$11.50 per shareholder (subject to a minimum monthly fee of \$775.00 per Fund) for these transfer agency services.

In addition, MSS provides the Fund with fund accounting services, which includes certain monthly reports, record-keeping and other management-related services. For its services as fund accountant, MSS receives an annual fee from the Advisor based on the average value of the Fund. These fees are: from \$0 to \$25 million in assets the annual fee is \$21,000, from \$25 million to \$50 million in assets the annual fee is \$30,500, from \$50 million to \$75 million in assets the annual fee is \$36,250, from \$75 million to \$100 million in assets the annual fee is \$42,000, from \$100 million to \$125 million in assets the annual fee is \$47,750, from \$125 million to \$150 million in assets the annual fee is \$53,500, and for asset above \$150 million the annual fee is \$59,250. The Fund will receive a discount ranging from 10-60% depending on the net assets of the Fund until the Fund reaches \$11 million in assets.

During the period from the commencement of investment operations (August 1, 2008) through June 30, 2009, MSS received \$10,642 from the Advisor for those fund accounting and transfer agent services.

### **Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The firm of Sanville & Company, Certified Public Accountants, 1514 Old York Road, Abington, Pennsylvania 19001, has been selected as independent public accountants for the Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. Sanville & Company performs an annual audit of the Fund's financial statements and provides financial, tax and accounting services as requested.

### **Distributor**

Shares of the Fund are offered on a continuous basis through Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC (the "Distributor"). The Distributor is also the investment adviser to the Fund. Shares of the Fund are offered to the public on a continuous basis. The Distributor is obligated to sell the shares of the Fund on a best efforts basis only against purchase orders for the shares.

### **Fund Administrator**

Frank Capital Partners (the "Administrator") provides the Fund with certain compliance and administrative services. The Administrator is located at 6 Stacy Court, Parsippany, New Jersey. For these services, the Fund pays the Administrator an annual asset-based fee of 0.35% of the average net assets of the Fund, with a required monthly minimum payment of \$5,000.

### **BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES**

Subject to policies established by the Board of Trustees, the Advisor is responsible for the Fund's portfolio decisions and the placing of the Fund's portfolio transactions. In placing portfolio transactions, the Advisor seeks the best qualitative execution for the Fund, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), the execution capability, financial responsibility and responsiveness of the broker or dealer and the brokerage and research services provided by the broker or dealer. The Advisor generally seeks favorable prices and commission rates that are reasonable in relation to the benefits received. The Advisor may not give consideration to sales of shares of the Trust as a factor in the selection of brokers and dealers to execute portfolio transactions. However, the Advisor may place portfolio transactions with brokers or dealers that promote or sell the Fund's shares so long as such placements are made pursuant to policies approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees that are designed to ensure that the selection is based on the quality of the broker's execution and not on its sales efforts. The Advisor is also a registered broker-dealer and it is anticipated that the Portfolio Manager will execute securities trades for the Fund through Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC acting as a broker-dealer. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Fund paid brokerage commissions of \$28,715.

The Advisor is specifically authorized to select brokers or dealers who also provide brokerage and research services to the Fund and/or the other accounts over which the Advisor exercises investment discretion, and to pay such brokers or dealers a commission in excess of the commission another broker or dealer would charge if the Advisor determines in good faith that the commission is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services provided. The determination may be viewed in terms of a particular transaction or the Advisor's

overall responsibilities with respect to the Trust and to other accounts over which it exercises investment discretion.

Research services include supplemental research, securities and economic analyses, statistical services and information with respect to the availability of securities or purchasers or sellers of securities, and analyses of reports concerning performance of accounts. The research services and other information furnished by brokers through whom the Fund effects securities transactions may also be used by the Advisor in servicing all of its accounts. Similarly, research and information provided by brokers or dealers serving other clients may be useful to the Advisor in connection with its services to the Fund. Although research services and other information are useful to the Fund and the Advisor, it is not possible to place a dollar value on the research and other information received. It is the opinion of the Board of Trustees and the Advisor that the review and study of the research and other information will not reduce the overall cost to the Advisor of performing its duties to the Fund under the Agreement.

While the Fund does not deem it practicable and in its best interests to solicit competitive bids for commission rates on each transaction, consideration is regularly given to posted commission rates as well as other information concerning the level of commissions charged on comparable transactions by qualified brokers.

The Fund has no obligation to deal with any broker or dealer in the execution of its transactions. However, it is contemplated that Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC, in its capacity as a registered broker-dealer, will effect a substantial portion of the securities transactions that are executed on a national securities exchange and over-the-counter transactions conducted on an agency basis. Such transactions will be executed at competitive commission rates. Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC, a registered broker-dealer of which Mr. Leigh Baldwin is the president and owner, receives brokerage commissions from the Fund.

Over-the-counter transactions will be placed either directly with principal market makers or with broker-dealers, if the same or a better price, including commissions and executions, is available. Fixed income securities are normally purchased directly from the issuer, an underwriter or a market maker. Purchases include a concession paid by the issuer to the underwriter and the purchase price paid to a market maker may include the spread between the bid and asked prices.

Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, persons affiliated with an affiliate of the Adviser (such as Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC) may be prohibited from dealing with the Fund as a principal in the purchase and sale of securities. Therefore, Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC will not serve as the Fund's dealer in connection with over-the-counter transactions. However, Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC may serve as the Fund's broker in over-the-counter transactions conducted on an agency basis and will receive brokerage commissions in connection with such transactions.

The Fund will not effect any brokerage transactions in its portfolio securities with Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC if such transactions would be unfair or unreasonable to Fund shareholders, and the commissions will be paid solely for the execution of trades and not for any other

services. In determining the commissions to be paid to Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC, it is the policy of the Fund that such commissions will, in the judgment of the Trust's Board of Trustees, be (i) at least as favorable to the Fund as those which would be charged by other qualified brokers having comparable execution capability and (ii) at least as favorable to the Fund as commissions contemporaneously charged by Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC on comparable transactions for its most favored unaffiliated customers, except for customers of Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC considered by a majority of the Trust's disinterested Trustees not to be comparable to the Fund. The disinterested Trustees from time to time review, among other things, information relating to the commissions charged by Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC to the Fund and its other customers, and rates and other information concerning the commissions charged by other qualified brokers.

While the Fund contemplates no ongoing arrangements with any other brokerage firms, brokerage business may be given from time to time to other firms. Leigh Baldwin & Co., LLC will not receive reciprocal brokerage business as a result of the brokerage business placed by the Fund with others.

To the extent that the Fund and another of the Adviser's clients seek to acquire the same security at about the same time, the Fund may not be able to acquire as large a position in such security as it desires or it may have to pay a higher price for the security. Similarly, the Fund may not be able to obtain as large an execution of an order to sell or as high a price for any particular portfolio security if the other client desires to sell the same portfolio security at the same time. On the other hand, if the same securities are bought or sold at the same time by more than one client, the resulting participation in volume transactions could produce better executions for the Fund. In the event that more than one client wants to purchase or sell the same security on a given date, the purchases and sales will normally be made by random client selection.

## **DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS**

The Fund is required to include a schedule of portfolio holdings in its annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders, which are sent to shareholders within 60 days of the end of the second and fourth fiscal quarters and which are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on Form N-CSR within 70 days of the end of the second and fourth fiscal quarters. The Fund also is required to file a schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC on Form N-Q within 60 days of the end of the first and third fiscal quarters. The Fund must provide a copy of the complete schedule of portfolio holdings as filed with the SEC to any shareholder of the Fund, upon request, free of charge. This policy is applied uniformly to all shareholders of the Fund without regard to the type of requesting shareholder (i.e., regardless of whether the shareholder is an individual or institutional investor). The Fund has an ongoing arrangement to release portfolio holdings to Morningstar in order for Morningstar to assign a rating or ranking to the Fund. Portfolio holdings will be supplied to Morningstar no more frequently than quarterly and only after the Fund has filed a Form N-CSR or Form N-Q with the SEC.

Pursuant to policies and procedures adopted by the Board of Trustees, the Fund has ongoing arrangements to release portfolio holdings information on a daily basis to the Advisor, the Administrator, the Transfer Agent, the Fund Accounting Agent and the Custodian and on an

as needed basis to other third parties providing services to the Fund. The Advisor, Administrator, Transfer Agent, Fund Accounting Agent and Custodian receive portfolio holdings information daily in order to carry out the essential operations of the Fund. The Fund discloses portfolio holdings to its auditors, legal counsel, proxy voting services (if applicable), pricing services, printers, parties to merger and reorganization agreements and their agents, and prospective or newly hired investment Advisors or sub-Advisors as needed to provide services to the Fund. The lag between the date of the information and the date on which the information is disclosed to these third parties will vary based on the identity of the party to whom the information is disclosed. For instance, the information may be provided to auditors within days of the end of an annual period, while the information may be given to legal counsel at any time.

The Fund, the Advisor, the Administrator, the Transfer Agent, the Fund Accounting Agent and the Custodian are prohibited from entering into any special or ad hoc arrangements with any persons to make available information about the Fund's portfolio holdings without the specific approval of the Board. Any party wishing to release portfolio holdings information on an ad hoc or special basis must submit any proposed arrangement to the Board, which will review such arrangement to determine whether it is (i) in the best interests of Fund shareholders, (ii) whether the information will be kept confidential (based on the factors discussed below) (iii) whether sufficient protections are in place to guard against personal trading based on the information and (iv) whether the disclosure presents a conflict of interest between the interests of Fund shareholders and those of the Advisor, or any affiliated person of the Fund or the Advisor. Additionally, the Advisor, and any affiliated persons of the Advisor, are prohibited from receiving compensation or other consideration, for themselves or on behalf of the Fund, as a result of disclosing the Fund's portfolio holdings.

Information disclosed to third parties, whether on an ongoing or ad hoc basis, is disclosed under conditions of confidentiality. "Conditions of confidentiality" include (i) confidentiality clauses in written agreements, (ii) confidentiality implied by the nature of the relationship (e.g., attorney-client relationship), (iii) confidentiality required by fiduciary or regulatory principles (e.g., custody relationships) or (iv) understandings or expectations between the parties that the information will be kept confidential. The agreements with the Fund's Transfer Agent, Fund Accounting Agent and Custodian contain confidentiality clauses, which the Board and these parties have determined extend to the disclosure of nonpublic information about the Fund's portfolio holding and the duty not to trade on the non-public information. The Advisor has entered into a separate written confidentiality agreement that prohibits the disclosure of nonpublic information about the Fund's portfolio holdings and includes a duty not to trade on the non-public information.

## **PURCHASE, REDEMPTION, AND PRICING OF SHARES**

### **Purchase of Shares**

Investors may only purchase Fund shares after receipt of a current prospectus and by filling out and submitting an application supplied by the Fund.

## **Pricing of Shares**

The price (net asset value) of the shares of each Fund is determined at the close of trading (normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for business. For a description of the methods used to determine the net asset value, see “How We Determine Net Asset Value” in the prospectus.

Equity securities generally are valued by using market quotations, but may be valued on the basis of prices furnished by a pricing service when the Advisor believes such prices accurately reflect the fair market value of such securities. Securities that are traded on any stock exchange or on the NASDAQ over-the-counter market are generally valued by the pricing service at the last quoted sale price. Lacking a last sale price, an equity security is generally valued by the pricing service at its last bid price. When market quotations are not readily available, when the Advisor determines that the market quotation or the price provided by the pricing service does not accurately reflect the current market value, or when restricted or illiquid securities are being valued, such securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Advisor, in conformity with guidelines adopted by and subject to review of the Board of Trustees of the Trust.

Fixed income securities generally are valued by using market quotations, but may be valued on the basis of prices furnished by a pricing service when the Advisor believes such prices accurately reflect the fair market value of such securities. A pricing service utilizes electronic data processing techniques based on yield spreads relating to securities with similar characteristics to determine prices for normal institutional-size trading units of debt securities without regard to sale or bid prices. If the Advisor decides that a price provided by the pricing service does not accurately reflect the fair market value of the securities, when prices are not readily available from a pricing service, or when restricted or illiquid securities are being valued, securities are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Advisor, in conformity with guidelines adopted by and subject to review of the Board of Trustees. Short term investments in fixed income securities with maturities of less than 60 days when acquired, or which subsequently are within 60 days of maturity, are valued by using the amortized cost method of valuation, which the Board has determined will represent fair value.

## **TAX CONSEQUENCES**

Under provisions of Sub-Chapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended, the Fund, by paying out substantially all of its investment income and realized capital gains, intends to be relieved of federal income tax on the amounts distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as a "regulated investment company" under Sub-Chapter M, at least 90% of the Fund's income must be derived from dividends, interest and gains from securities transactions, and no more than 50% of the Fund's total assets may be in two or more securities that exceed 5% of the total assets of the Fund at the time of each security's purchase. Not qualifying under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code would cause the Fund to be considered a personal holding company subject to normal corporate income taxes. This would reduce the value of shareholder holdings by the amount of taxes paid. Any subsequent dividend distribution of the Fund's earnings after taxes would still be taxable as received by shareholders. The Jobs and Growth and

Tax Relief Reconciliation Law of 2003 reduced the rate on "qualifying dividends" to 15% (5% for those in 10% or 15% income tax bracket). The Fund may invest in companies that pay "qualifying dividends." Investors in Leigh Baldwin Total Return Fund may benefit from the new tax bill and its lower tax rate on taxable quarterly dividend payments, attributable to corporate dividends, distributed by the Fund.

**Tax Distribution:** The Fund's distributions (capital gains and dividend income), whether received by shareholders in cash or reinvested in additional shares of the Fund, may be subject to federal income tax payable by shareholders. All income realized by the Fund including short-term capital gains, will be taxable to the shareholder as ordinary income. Dividends from net income will be made annually or more frequently at the discretion of the Fund's Board of Trustees. Dividends received shortly after purchase of Fund shares by an investor will have the effect of reducing the per share net asset value of his/her shares by the amount of such dividends or distributions. You should consult a tax Advisor regarding the effect of federal, state, local, and foreign taxes on an investment in the Fund.

**Federal Withholding:** The Fund is required by federal law to withhold 31% of reportable payments (which may include dividends, capital gains, distributions and redemptions) paid to shareholders who have not complied with IRS regulations. In order to avoid this withholding requirement, you must certify on a W-9 tax form supplied by the Fund that your Social Security or Taxpayer Identification Number provided is correct and that you are not currently subject to back-up withholding, or that you are exempt from back-up withholding.

## **TAXATION OF THE FUND**

The Fund has qualified under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. If the Fund does not qualify under Subchapter M, it would be liable for federal income tax on its capital gains and net investment income currently distributed to its shareholders, resulting in a second level of taxation that would substantially reduce net after-tax returns from the Fund.

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements and independent auditors' report required to be included in this Statement of Additional Information are incorporated herein by reference to the Fund's Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. You can obtain the Annual Report without charge by calling the Fund at 1-866-706-9790.